

# 2023 여름 세미나

2023.08.18

---



*Sogang University*

*Vision & Display Systems Lab, Dept. of Electronic Engineering*



*Presented By*

이준호

# Outline

- Intro
  - What is inpainting & outpainting
  - What is different image outpainting & video outpainting
- Inpainting for Video outpainting
  - Onion peel network & Copy and Paste network
  - Flow-based method
    - Optical flow
- 2020 ECCV Flow based Video inpainting paper
  - Flow-edge Guided Video Completion
- 2021 ICLR Flow based Video inpainting paper
  - Large scale image completion via Co Modulated Generative Adversarial Networks
- 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper
  - Complete and temporally consistent video outpainting
- Conclusion & Appendix

# Intro

- What is inpainting

- 빈 영역이 input image/video 내에 위치
- 모든 방향에 대한 정보가 제공
- 생성되는 영역이 input image에 비해 작음

- What is outpainting

- 빈 영역이 input image/video의 한쪽 옆이나 주변에 있음
- 빈 영역의 한쪽에만 알려진 픽셀이 있음
- 생성되는 영역이 input image의 몇 배

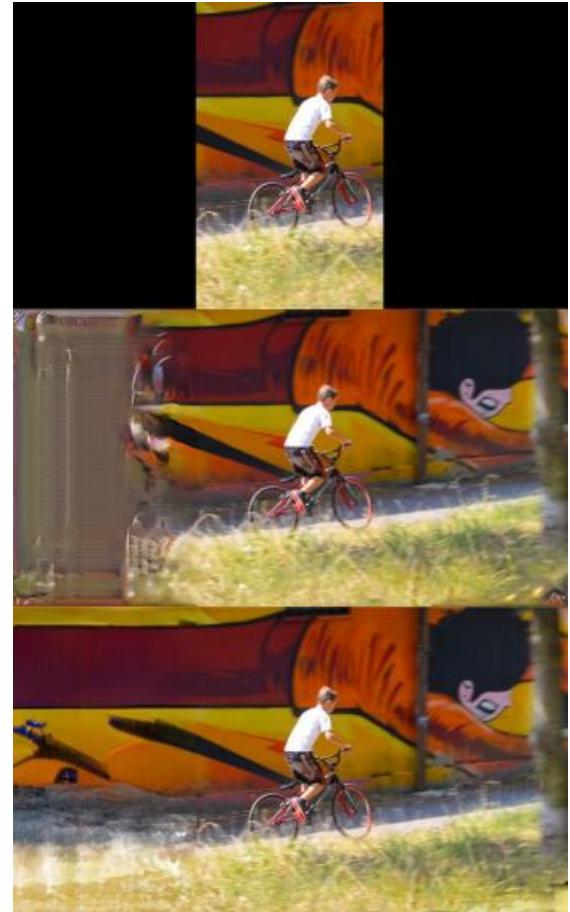


# Intro

- What is different image outpainting & video outpainting

- **Image outpainting**

- 정적인 image에 대한 작업



- **Video outpainting**

- Video의 frame마다 image의 외부 영역을 생성하는 작업

- 각 frame마다 움직이는 object와 background가 변화

- ∴ Time 축을 갖음

- ∴ 이를 일관성 있게 처리하는 작업이 중요

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Inpainting for Video Outpainting
  - 첫번째 video inpainting method : Onion-Peel network
    - 각 frame마다 이전 frame의 예측 결과를 활용하여 blank부분을 예측하고 이 과정을 반복해서 영상의 연속성을 유지
  - 두번째 video inpainting method : Copy and Paste network
    - 현재 frame에서 blank부분을 주변 pixel의 정보를 활용하여 채운 뒤 다음 frame에 위 결과물을 복사하고 붙여 넣음
    - 이 과정을 반복해서 time consistency를 유지
  - 두 논문은 이전 frame을 이용해 현재 frame을 보완하는 공통점을 갖음
  - 그러나 foreground가 frame 밖으로 벗어나면 temporal artifacts가 발생



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Inpainting for Video Outpainting

- Flow-based method

- Time consistency를 유지하려면 flow-based method가 가장 적합하다 판단
    - Optical flow를 method로 채택

- Optical flow란

- Optical field를 구하기 위해 이전 frame과 현재 frame의 차이를 이용하고 각 픽셀의 이동을 계산하여 object의 움직임을 구별하는 방법

- Optical flow의 2가지 가정

- Color/brightness constancy : 어떤 픽셀과 주변 픽셀의 color/brightness는 같음
    - Small motion : frame간 움직임이 작아 픽셀 점은 멀리 움직이지 않음

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Flow-based method
  - Flow-edge Guided Video Completion\_ECCV 2020

## - 요약

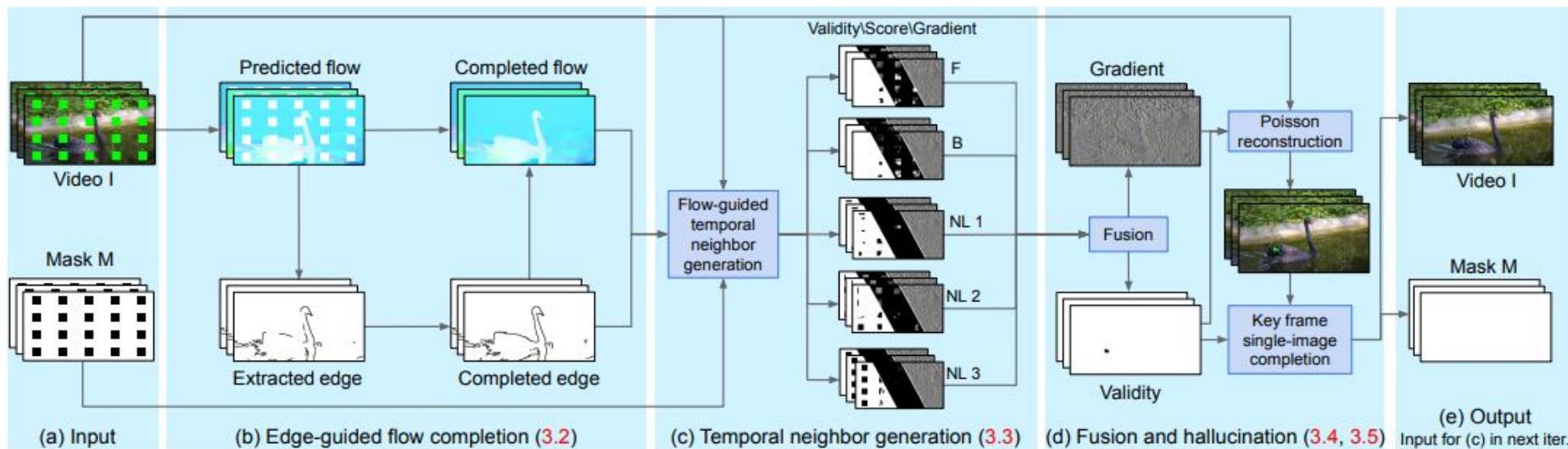
- ;; Motion edge를 extract하고 complete
- ;; Color와 flow를 합성하고 flow를 따라 color를 propagate
- ;; Main propose는 object boundaries를 따라 sharp한 flow edge를 propagate

## - Main Contribution

- ;; Flow edge : sharp하게 flow edge를 얻어 smooth한 flow edge를 얻음
- ;; Non-local flow : Non-local flow를 활용하여 transitive flow를 처리
- ;; Seamless blending : visible seams를 피하기 위해 gradient domain에서 작업

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Flow-based method
  - Flow-edge Guided Video Completion\_ECCV 2020
    - Input : 합성해야 할 color video와 binary mask
    - Edge-guided flow completion : 인접한 frame, 인접하지 않은 frame 사이의 forward, backward 간의 flow를 계산하고, flow edge를 extract 및 completion하여 smooth한 flow completion을 유도
    - Temporal neighbor generation : missing pixel에 대한 후보 pixel 집합을 계산하기 위해 flow trajectories를 만듦

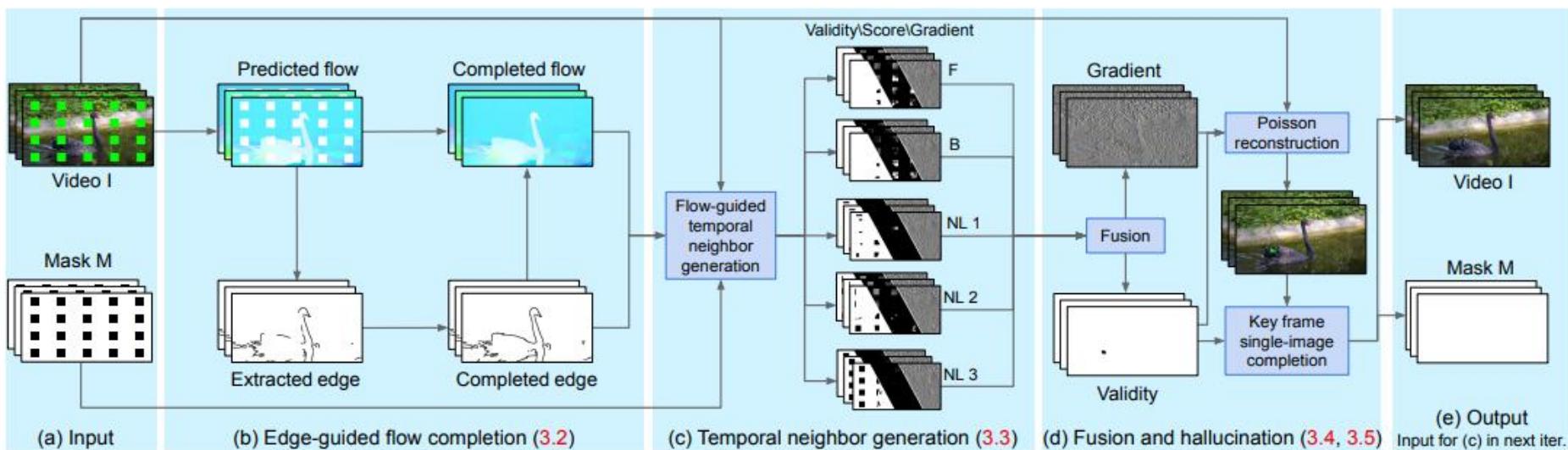


# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Flow-based method
  - Flow-edge Guided Video Completion\_ECCV 2020

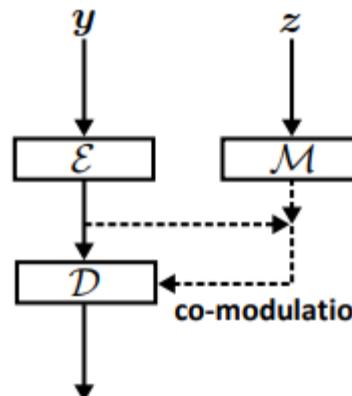
- Fusion and hallucination : confidence-weighted average를 사용하여 각 missing pixel에 대한 gradient domain 후보를 통합, 그 중  $|pixel_0|$  가장 많이 빠진 frame을 선택하고 inpainting

- Output : missing pixel이 없을 때 까지 위 과정의 결과물을 다음 iteration으로 전달



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

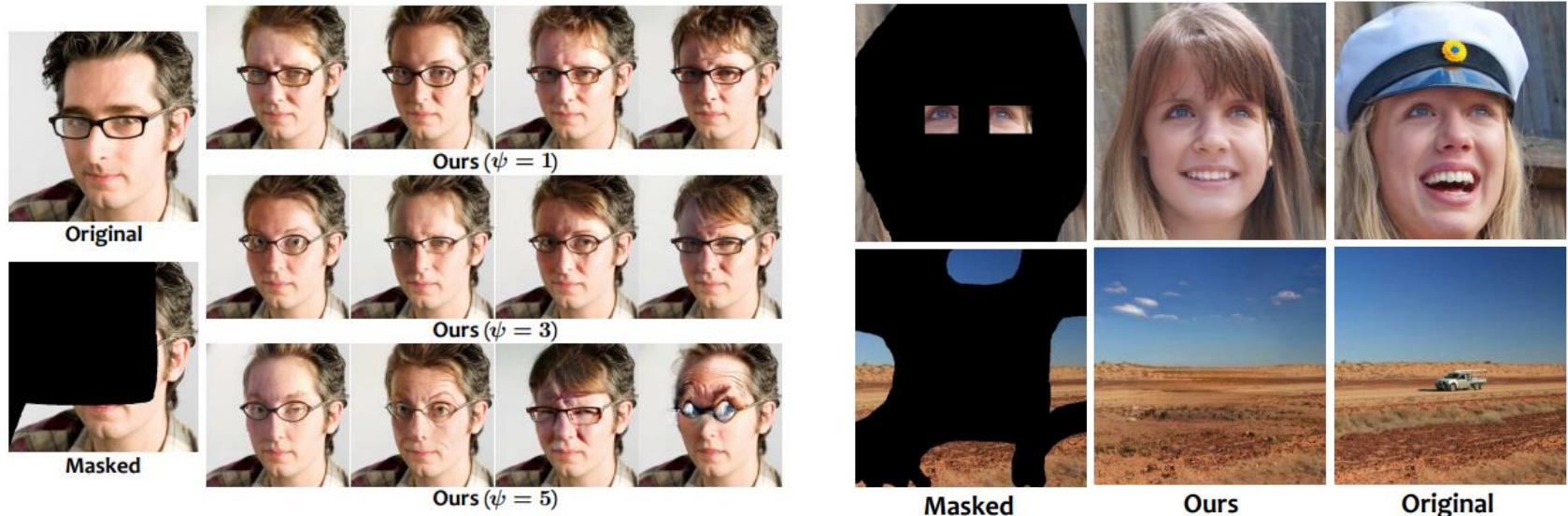
- Image complete method
    - Large scale image completion via Co Modulated Generative Adversarial Networks  
2021\_ICLR
      - 기존의 unconditional GAN은 latent vector에 의해 생성된 learned style을 활용
      - 위 방법론을 image-conditional GAN에도 적용하려 했지만 stochasticity가 부족하여 limited conditional information이 제공되는 환경에서 적용하기엔 어려움  
↳ 즉 mask(blank) 된 영역이 크다면 생성하기 어렵다는 뜻
      - 위 문제를 해결하기 위해 Co-modulation을 제안



$$s = \mathcal{A}(\mathcal{E}(y), \mathcal{M}(z))$$

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Flow-based method
  - Large scale image completion via Co Modulated Generative Adversarial Networks  
2021\_ICLR
    - Style space에서 style vector가 linearly correlated하다는 것을 가정했을 때 성능 개선
    - Co modulated GAN은 discriminator loss와 함께 훈련
    - L1 term처럼 직접적인 guide가 필요하지 않아 stochastic generative capability를 활용



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

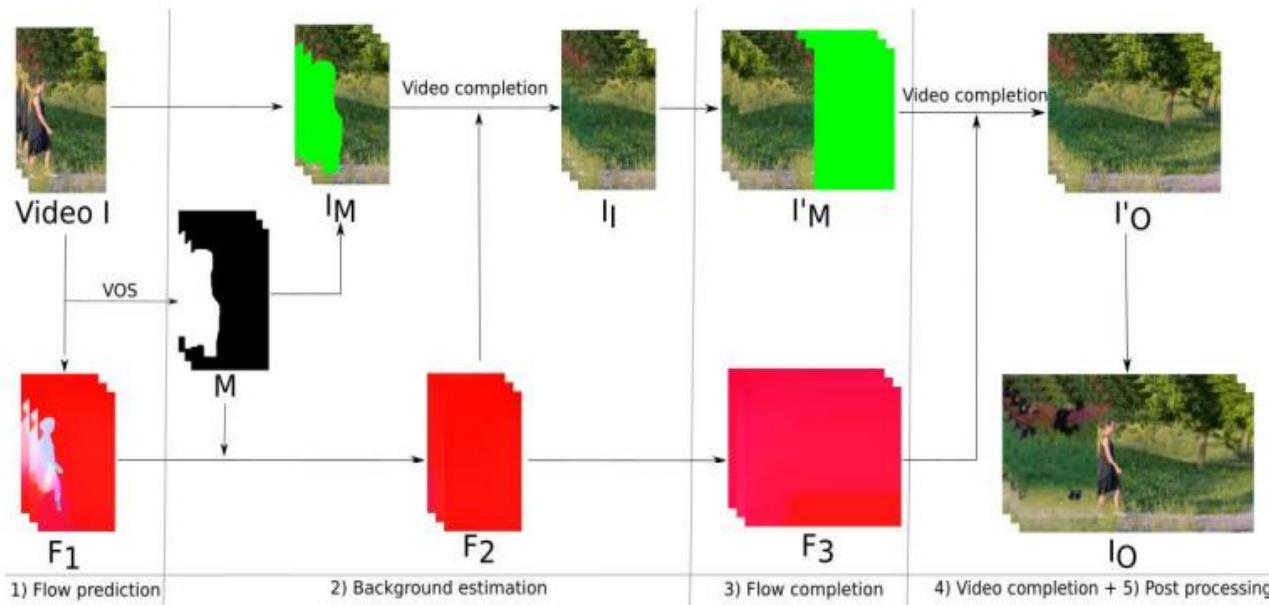
- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting CVPR\_2022(Workshop)
  - **요약**
    - Video inpainting을 outpainting에 적용할 때의 단점을 확인
    - Image shifting을 사용하여 image outpainting을 개선하는 방법, outpainting method를 설명
  - **Main Contribution**
    - 원본 video content를 손상시키지 않고 시각적으로 만족스러운 temporally consistent한 completions를 제공
    - Optical flow를 사용하여 인접한 frame 간의 정보를 전달하여 temporally consistent를 형성
    - Background estimation을 초기에 진행하여 temporal artifacts를 줄임

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

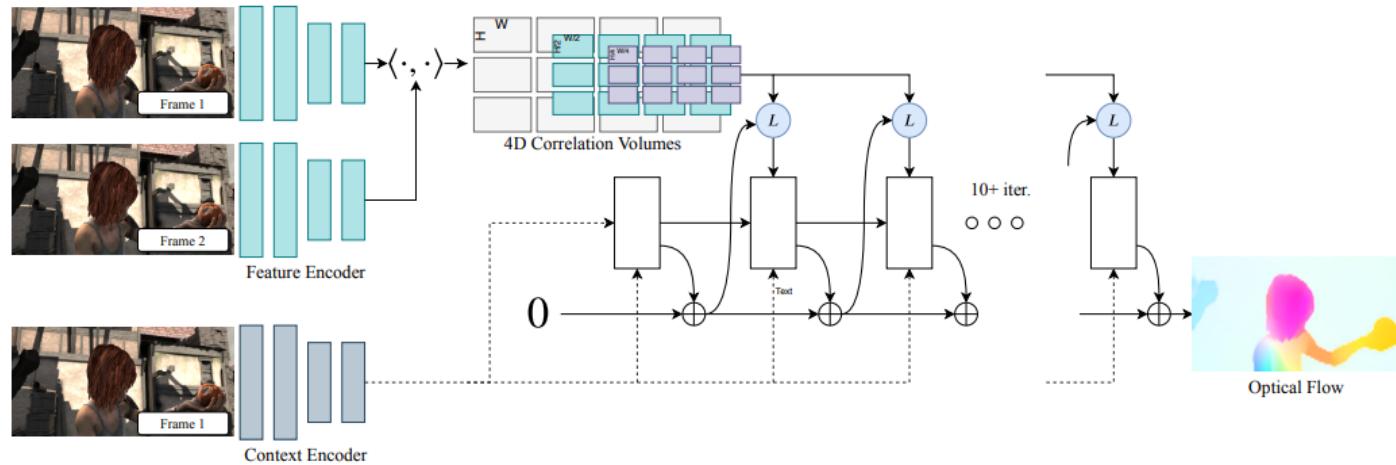
- Overview of method

- Flow estimation
  - Background estimation
  - Flow completion
  - Video completion
  - Post-processing



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Video Completion (RAFT ECCV\_2020)
    - Color propagation을 사용하여 optical flow를 기반으로 빈 영역의 일부를 완성시킴
    - Optical flow를 추정하기 위해 현재 flow estimation method S.O.T.A인 RAFT를 사용함
    - Optical flow를 완성하기 위해 masking된 영역 내의 gradient를 최소화 시킴  
↳ 움직이는 object를 제거하거나 background의 일부를 제거했을 때 더 부드럽게 생성된다고 함
    - 그러나 위 method는 움직이는 foreground objects가 video outpainting에 적용될 때 temporal artifacts가 발생



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Background Estimation (Flow-edge Guided Video Completion을 사용)
    - Frame의 edge를 따라 물체가 움직일 때, object가 not visible 할 수 있음
    - Foreground motion의 complete outline이 없기 때문에 foreground, background motion이 혼동
      - ▷ Optical flow를 estimation하는데 문제가 발생
    - 그래서 초기에 background estimation을 진행
    - Background estimation을 하기 위해 우선 foreground mask가 필요하기 때문에 VOS(Video Object Segmentation) method를 채택
      - ▷ VOS란 foreground object를 background와 separate하는 binary labeling problem
    - Background에 foreground mask를 이용해서 masking하고 inpainting method를 사용하여 채움

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

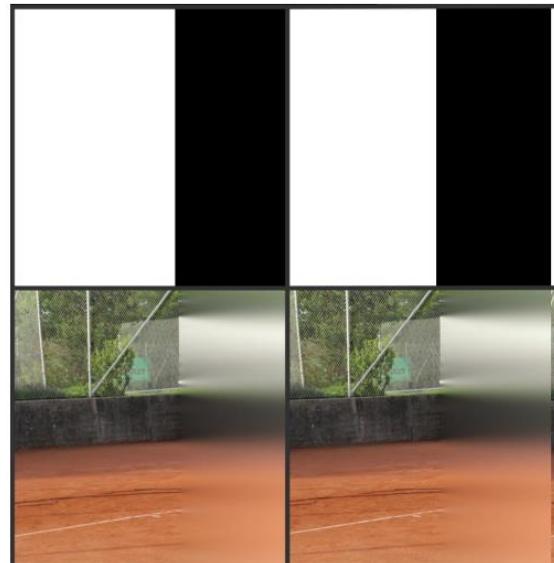
- **Image Completion**

- Flow edge guided network를 image outpainting network로 사용하려 했으나 large-scale image completion network를 사용

- Image content를 shift하여 blank 영역의 바깥쪽에 추가 정보를 넣음

- ∴ 실험적으로 더 smooth한 결과를 생성하는 것을 입증

- 가장 오른쪽의 known pixel을 반사(mirror)해서 추가 정보 제공

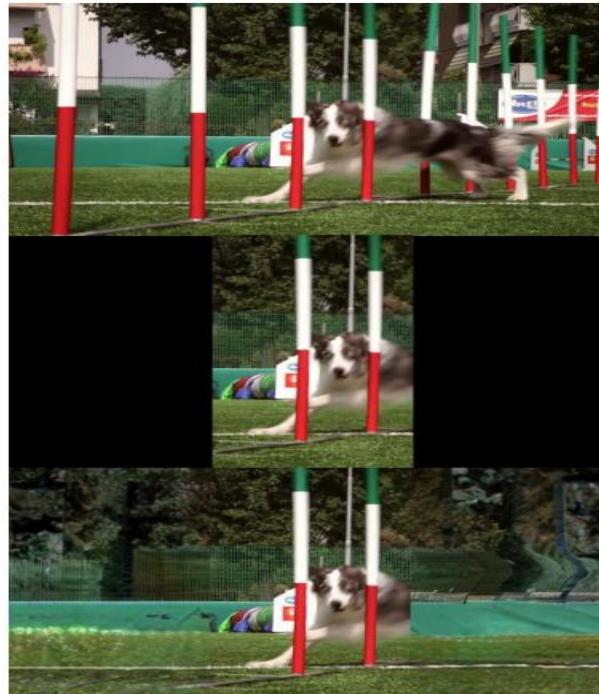


# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- Post-Processing

- Frame의 outside information을 predict하는 것은 불가능하다 주장
    - Complete된 영역을 blurry하게 만들어서 original video와 합침
    - 본 논문에선 평가 과정 중 blurring 과정을 포함하지 않음



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- DATASET

- Image completion network : Places scene recognition dataset (2.5 million images)

- DAVIS(Densely Annotation Video Segmentation dataset)

- ↳ Two resolution : 480p, 1080p

- ↳ 50 video sequences with 3455 annotated frames at pixel level

- Youtube-VOS(Video Object Segmentation)

- ↳ Large-scale benchmark (multiple VOS task, semi-supervised VOS, VOS)

- ↳ More than 4000 high-resolution Youtube-video & 340 minutes video

- 본 논문에서는 video frame의 왼, 오른쪽을 crop한 후 input으로 사용

- Foreground의 annotation을 사용하지 않음



(a) A person wearing a white shirt with white helmet riding a bike.



(b) A laying cat gets up and jumps towards the camera.

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Evaluation metric
    - MSE(Mean Squared Error)
    - PSNR(Peak Signal To Noise Ratio)
    - SSIM(Structural Similarity Index Measure)
    - LPIPS(Learned Perceptual Image Patch Similarity)
    - FVD(Frechet Video Distance)

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- Portrait To Landscape Conversion

- Portrait (9:16) to Landscape (16:9)

↳ 원본 video의 왼, 오른쪽 edge를 제거하여 input으로 사용

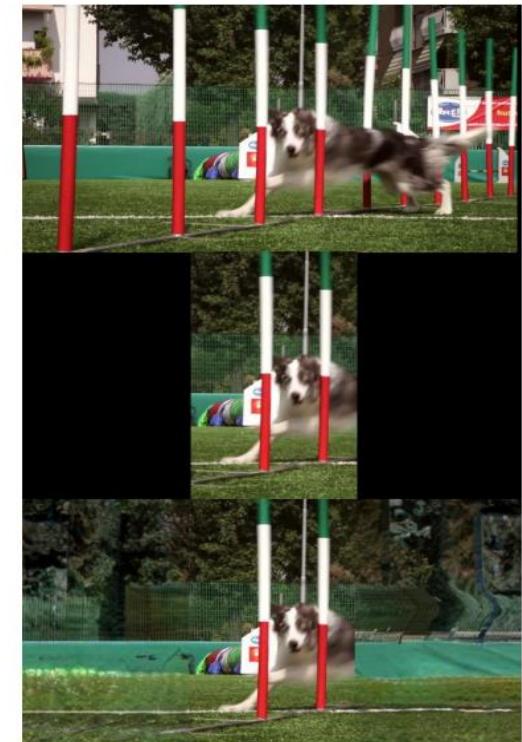
- 비교 대상 방법

↳ 1. Flow-edge Guided Video Completion

↳ 2. Ours without image shifting

↳ 3. Ours with image shifting

↳ 4. Ours with both image shifting and post processing (표 X)



DAVIS dataset [22]	MSE ↓	PSNR ↑	SSIM ↑	LPIPS ↓	FVD ↓
Standard	11293,18	7,95	0,330	0,5397	2009,12
Gao <i>et al.</i> [7]	1724,97	16,18	0,560	0,3049	1414,86
Video outpainting (ours)	1654,59	16,82	0,596	0,2635	1244,77
Video outpainting+image shift (ours)	<b>1513,49</b>	<b>17,33</b>	<b>0,600</b>	<b>0,2530</b>	<b>1099,11</b>
YouTube-VOS [27]	MSE ↓	PSNR ↑	SSIM ↑	LPIPS ↓	FVD ↓
Standard	11271,97	8,177	0,354	0,470	2220,93
Gao <i>et al.</i> [7]	3008,74	14,37	0,500	0,385	1848,07
Video outpainting (ours)	2702,43	14,46	0,509	0,338	1642,46
Video outpainting+image shift (ours)	<b>2604,17</b>	<b>14,76</b>	<b>0,518</b>	<b>0,320</b>	<b>1374,85</b>

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Portrait To Landscape Conversion
    - Flow-edge Guided Video Completion



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Portrait To Landscape Conversion
    - Ours without image shifting



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Portrait To Landscape Conversion
    - Ours with image shifting



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Portrait To Landscape Conversion
    - Ours with both image shifting and post processing



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- Landscape To Ultrawide Conversion

- Landscape (16:9) to Ultrawide (21:9)

;; DAVIS dataset으로 실험

- 비교 대상 방법

;; 1. Flow-edge Guided Video Completion

;; 2. Ours without image shifting

;; 3. Ours with image shifting

;; 4. Ours with both image shifting and post processing (표 X)

Method	MSE↓	PSNR ↑	SSIM ↑	LPIPS ↓	FVD ↓
Standaard	11657,35	7,80	0,329	0,546	346,62
Gao et al. [7]	301,33	23,00	0,809	0,074	254,55
Video outpainting (ours)	277,60	23,82	0,852	0,065	224,77
Video outpainting+image shift (ours)	<b>239,18</b>	<b>24,34</b>	<b>0,890</b>	<b>0,062</b>	<b>207,26</b>

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Landscape To Ultrawide Conversion
    - Original



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Landscape To Ultrawide Conversion
    - Flow-edge Guided Video Completion



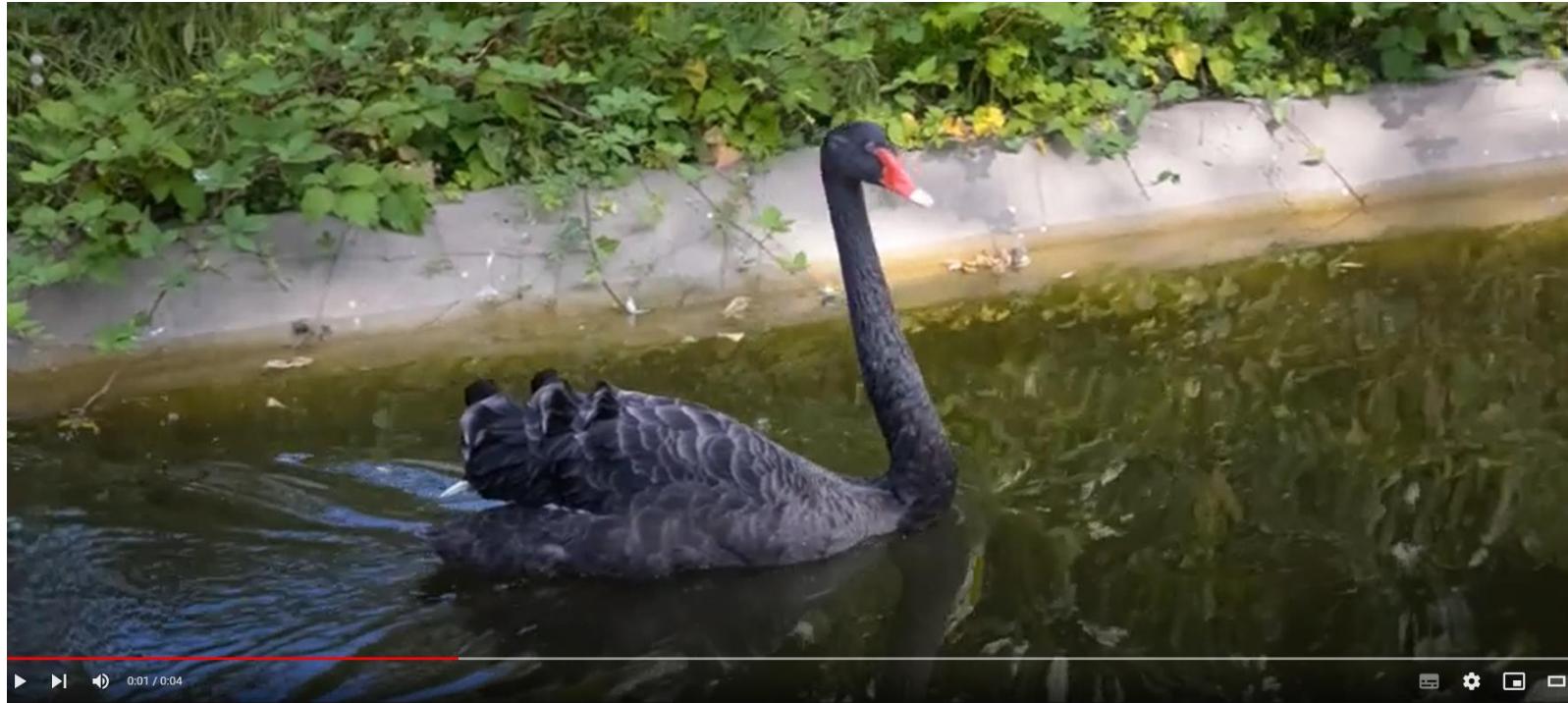
# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Landscape To Ultrawide Conversion
    - Ours without image shifting



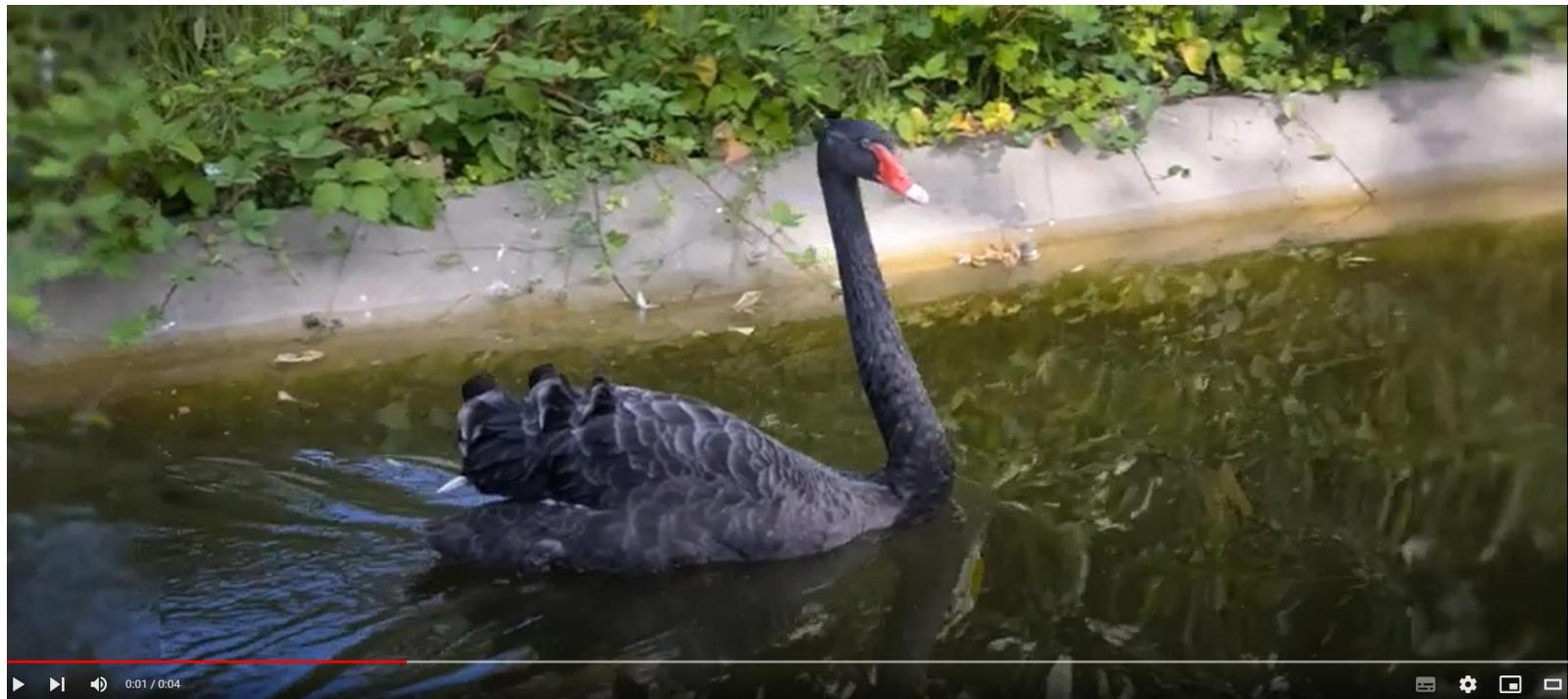
# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Landscape To Ultrawide Conversion
    - Ours with image shifting



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Landscape To Ultrawide Conversion
    - Ours with both image shifting and post processing



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting
  - Portrait To Landscape Conversion

DAVIS dataset [22]	MSE ↓	PSNR ↑	SSIM ↑	LPIPS ↓	FVD ↓
Standard	11293,18	7,95	0,330	0,5397	2009,12
Gao <i>et al.</i> [7]	1724,97	16,18	0,560	0,3049	1414,86
Video outpainting (ours)	1654,59	16,82	0,596	0,2635	1244,77
Video outpainting+image shift (ours)	<b>1513,49</b>	<b>17,33</b>	<b>0,600</b>	<b>0,2530</b>	<b>1099,11</b>
YouTube-VOS [27]	MSE ↓	PSNR ↑	SSIM ↑	LPIPS ↓	FVD ↓
Standard	11271,97	8,177	0,354	0,470	2220,93
Gao <i>et al.</i> [7]	3008,74	14,37	0,500	0,385	1848,07
Video outpainting (ours)	2702,43	14,46	0,509	0,338	1642,46
Video outpainting+image shift (ours)	<b>2604,17</b>	<b>14,76</b>	<b>0,518</b>	<b>0,320</b>	<b>1374,85</b>

- Landscape To Ultrawide Conversion

Method	MSE ↓	PSNR ↑	SSIM ↑	LPIPS ↓	FVD ↓
Standaard	11657,35	7,80	0,329	0,546	346,62
Gao et al. [7]	301,33	23,00	0,809	0,074	254,55
Video outpainting (ours)	277,60	23,82	0,852	0,065	224,77
Video outpainting+image shift (ours)	<b>239,18</b>	<b>24,34</b>	<b>0,890</b>	<b>0,062</b>	<b>207,26</b>

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- Limitations

- Foreground object를 outpainting area에서 complete하지 않기로 결정  
↳ Frame edge 근처의 moving object가 artifacts를 야기함
    - Background estimation을 초기에 했을 때 생기는 단점 2가지  
↳ Object가 close-up 됐을 때 background의 정보가 매우 부족함  
↳ Background만 complete할 때 foreground object가 complete area에서 사라짐
    - Video에 빠르거나 복잡한 camera motion이 포함되어 있는 경우  
↳ Optical flow 기반으로 한 complete이 부자연스러움

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Conclusion
  - 본 논문의 최종 목표는 원본 video의 outpainting area를 blurr하게 처리하는 것
    - 이 목표를 전제로 진행한 연구이기 때문에 연구 방향의 제약이 많다고 생각
  - Video outpainting 분야는 크게 3가지 framework를 따름
    - Temporal consistency를 어떻게 유지할 것인가?
    - Foreground object를 어떻게 처리할 것인가?
    - Outpainting method를 어떻게 할 것인가?
  - Framework의 접근 방법에 따라 연구 novelty가 달라진다고 생각함
    - 아직 video outpainting paper는 CVPR workshop paper 이외에는 존재하지 않음  
∴ Video generation research paper의 접근 방식을 따라가도 괜찮겠다 생각

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

감사합니다

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- APPENDIX

- Evaluation metric

- MSE

- ✓ I번째 학습 데이터의 GT와 predict 값

- PSNR

- ✓ 영상 내 신호가 가질 수 있는 최대 신호 잡음의 비율

- ✓ 화질이 얼마나 손실되었는지 평가

- S는 pixel의 최대값

- SSIM

- ✓ 인간의 시각적 화질 차이 평가

- ✓ Luminance, Contrast, Structural 평가

- A = 원본 이미지

- B = 왜곡 이미지

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{Y}_i - Y_i)^2$$

$$PSNR = 10 \log \frac{s^2}{MSE}$$

$$SSIM(A, B) = l(A, B)c(A, B)s(A, B)$$

$$= \frac{(2\mu_A\mu_B + C_1)(2\sigma_{AB} + C_2)}{(\mu_A^2 + \mu_B^2 + C_1)(\sigma_A^2 + \sigma_B^2 + C_2)}$$

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- APPENDIX

- Evaluation metric

↳ LPIPS

$$LPIPS = \sum_l \frac{1}{H_l W_l} \sum_{h,w} \|w^l \odot (\hat{y}_{hw}^l - \hat{y}_{0hw}^l)\|_2^2$$

- ✓ 유사도를 사람의 인식에 기반하여 측정
    - ✓ 두 이미지  $x, x_0$ 가 주어졌을 때, layer 1에서의 activation map을 얻어 Euclidean distance 계산한 후  $w^l$ 로 scaling한 다음 channel wise averaging 한 값을 1에 대해 평균

↳ FVD

- ✓  $X, Y$ 는 두개의 다변량 정규분포
    - ✓ Tr 은 행렬의 대각합(linear algebra)
    - ✓  $\sum X \sum Y$  : 공분산 행렬(covariance matrix)

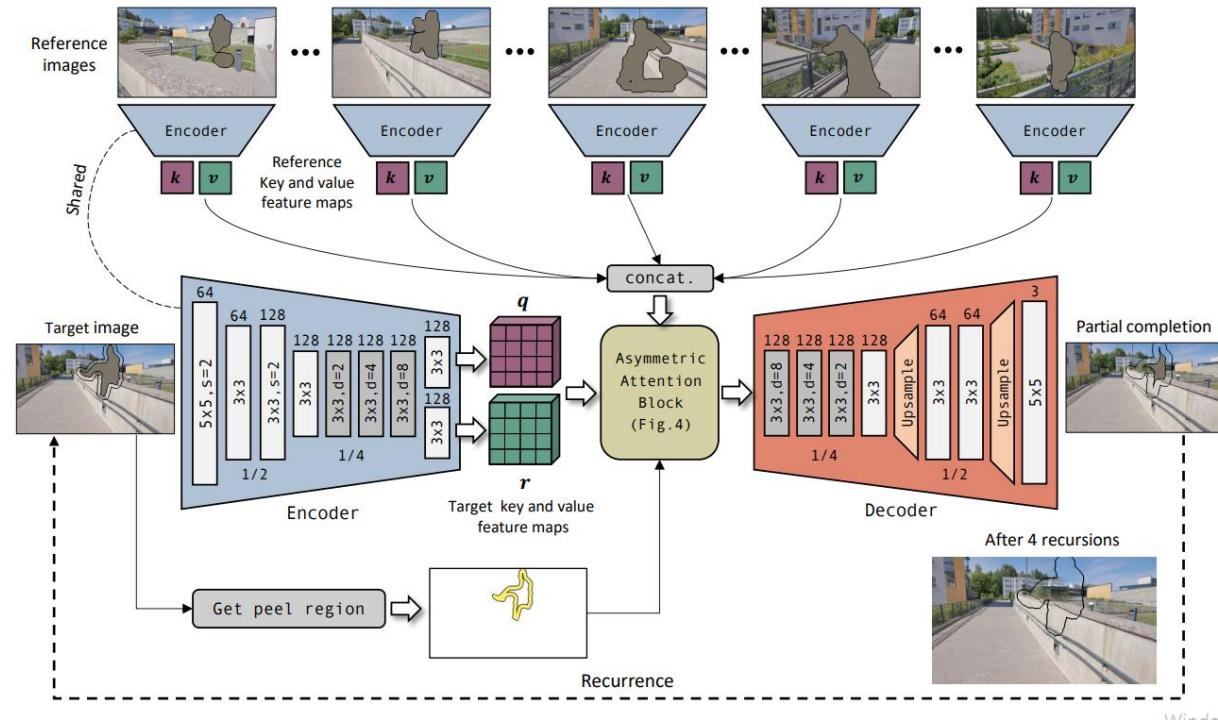
$$FID = \|\mu_X - \mu_Y\|^2 - \text{Tr}(\Sigma_X + \Sigma_Y - 2 \Sigma_X \Sigma_Y^{-1})$$

# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- APPENDIX

- Onion Peel network ICCV\_2019

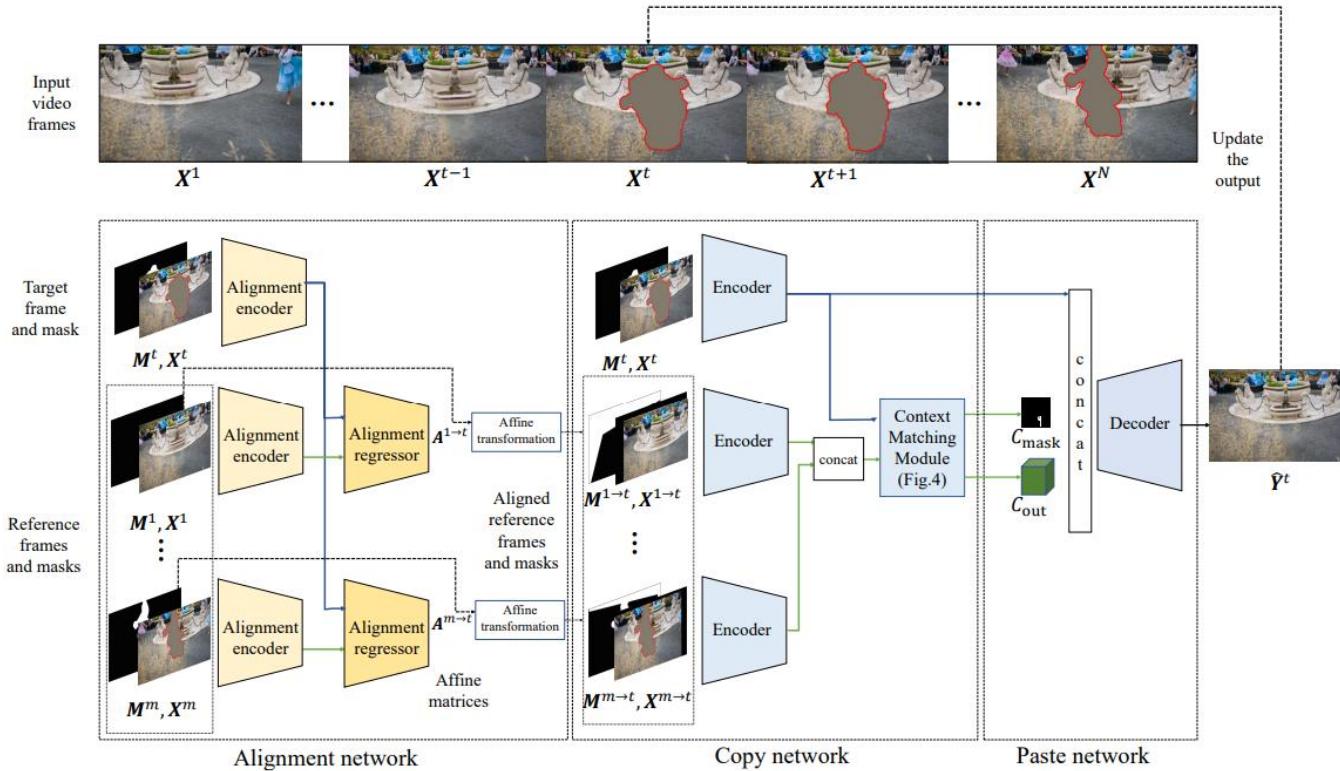


# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- APPENDIX

- Copy and Paste network ICCV\_2019



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

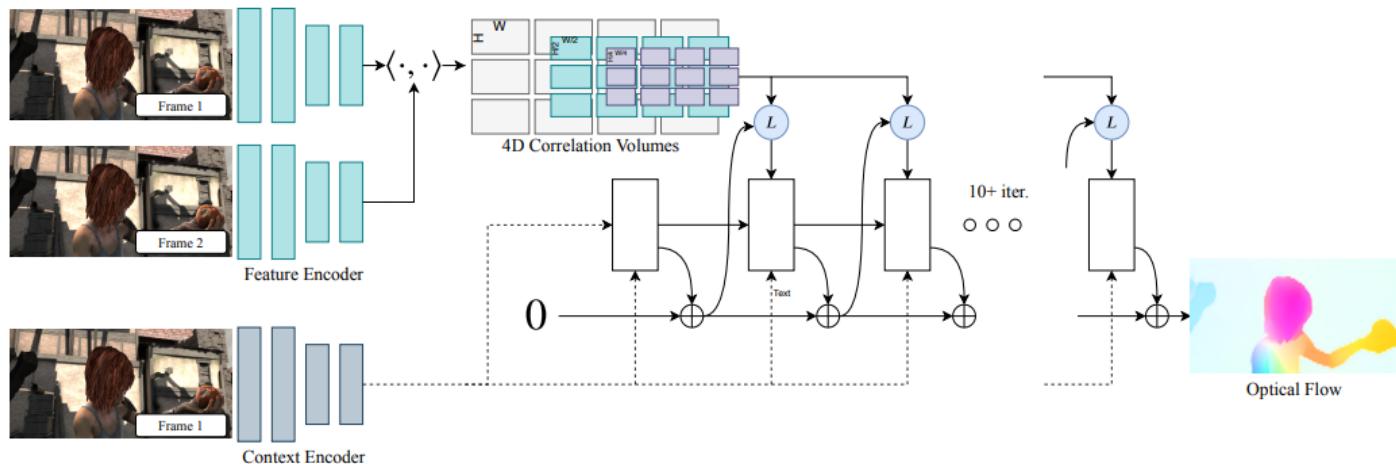
- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- APPENDIX

- RAFT ECCV\_2020 (Best Paper)

;; 크게 3가지 구조

- ✓ Feature extractor : motion을 위한 feature를 추출
    - ✓ Correlation volume : 내적을 통해  $C^k : [H \ W \ \frac{H}{2^k} \ \frac{W}{2^k}]$  를 구함
    - ✓ GRU structure(update operator) :  $f_{k+1} = f_k + \Delta f_k$  과정을 반복



# 2022 CVPR Video outpainting paper

- Complete and Temporally consistent video outpainting

- APPENDIX

- RAFT ECCV\_2020 (Best Paper)

Correlation volume

